



STATES HANGE COMMISSION D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: January 31, 2007 Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

2 g 2005

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 47827

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2004	AND ENDING	12/31/2004
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGIS	STRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: MV Secur	rities Group, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	ESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	x No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
1001 McKinney, Suite 120	10		
	(No. and Street)		
Houston	Texas	7	7002
(City)	(State)	(	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS Julie Swanson	SON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS RE	713) 227-0100
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who	ose oninion is contained in	this Report*	
Conklin Hruzek & Co., P.	•	mis report	
	ame – if individual, state last, fir	st, middle name)	
801 Travis, Suite 2050	Houston	Texas	77002
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			PROCESSED
☐ Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its posses	sions.	MAR 2 3 2005 <sub>2</sub>
F	OR OFFICIAL USE ON	ILY	THOMSON
			FINANCIAL

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.



## OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Julie Swanson	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my k		ment and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	MV Securi	ties Group, Inc. , as
of	December 31 , 2	0 04, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neith	er the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal	officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
class	ified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
	WHITE AV STARTING	
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	ANE OF LET /	2: =0
	EXPIRES OT WITH	Signature
	05-16-20-min	Signature
	STATE OF TEXT IN THE STATE OF	Julie Swanson, General Principal
	. 4	Title
1	her Fay Strelecki Notary Public	
	Notary Public	
	Hotary rubite	
	report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
	a) Facing Page.	
	b) Statement of Financial Condition. c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
•• `	d) Statement of Changes MKRINAXXXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIX	ash Flows
	e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or	
`	f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated	o Claims of Creditors.
	g) Computation of Net Capital.	
	h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requir	
`	i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control	on of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Re	
		ed Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
`	consolidation.	•
	) An Oath or Affirmation.	
	m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
Ŭ (	n) Areport describing any material inadequacies found o) Independent auditors' report on i	I to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.  nternal accounting control.
**F0	r conditions of confidential treatment of certain porti	ons of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

801 Travis, Suite 2050 Houston, Texas 77002-5730 (713) 224-2300 Fax (713) 225-3718

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
MV Securities Group, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of MV Securities Group, Inc. (a Texas corporation) as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related statements of earnings (loss), stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MV Securities Group, Inc. at December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the accompanying Schedules I and II is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Conklin Trezek VCo., P.C.

Houston, Texas February 11, 2005

## Statements of Financial Condition

## December 31, 2004 and 2003

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash Receivable from clearing organization Receivable from mutual funds Receivable - other	\$ 93,610 49,357 172,914	44,105
Prepaid expenses and other assets	12,989	11,820
	\$ <u>328,870</u>	<u>197,218</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equ	uity	
Accounts payable to affiliate (note 3) Accounts payable - trade	\$ 26,044 	49,000 <u>1,110</u>
Total liabilities	27,723	<u>50,110</u>
Stockholders' equity (notes 4 and 5): Common stock, \$1 par value: Class A - authorized 1,000,000 shares;		
issued and outstanding 5,000 shares Class B - authorized 5,000 shares;	5,000	5,000
issued and outstanding 714 shares Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	714 133,486 <u>161,947</u>	
Total stockholders' equity	<u>301,147</u>	<u>147,108</u>
	\$ <u>328,870</u>	<u>197,218</u>

## Statements of Earnings (Loss)

## Years ended Decemb<u>er 31</u>, 2004 and 2003

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Revenue:     Commissions     Interest	\$ 2,151,555 1,524	1,992,993 2,366
	<u>2,153,079</u>	<u>1,995,359</u>
Expenses: Clearing charges	508,676	469,205
Regulatory fees and assessments Professional fees Management fee expense (note 3)	22,250 28,382 1,428,706	13,574 26,573 1,465,614
Other operating expenses Communication charges	6,798 4,228	11,004 11,627
	<u>1,999,040</u>	<u>1,997,597</u>
Net earnings (loss)	\$ <u>154,039</u>	(2,238)

## Statements of Stockholders' Equity

## Years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

	<u>Common</u> Class A	<u>stock</u> Class B	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Total stockholders' <u>equity</u>
Balance at December 31, 2002	\$ 5,000	-	120,000	10,146	135,146
Issuance of Class B common stock	-	714	13,486	-	14,200
Net loss		<del></del> -	<del></del>	(2,238)	(2,238)
Balance at December 31, 2003	5,000	714	133,486	7,908	147,108
Net earnings	<del></del>			154,039	<u>154,039</u>
Balance at December 31, 2004	\$ <u>5,000</u>	<u>714</u>	<u>133,486</u>	<u>161,947</u>	301,147

## Statements of Cash Flows

## Years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

	2004	<u>2003</u>
Cash flows from operating activities: Net earnings (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:	\$ <u>154,039</u>	_(2,238)
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in receivables	(156,720)	(25,008)
Increase in prepaid expenses	,	, ,
and other assets Increase (decrease) in accounts	(1,169)	(1,925)
payable and accrued expenses	(22,387)	<u>17,454</u>
Total adjustments	( <u>180,276</u> )	<u>(9,479</u> )
Net cash used in operating activities	(26,237)	(11,717)
Cash flows from financing activities - proceeds from issuance of common stock		14,200
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(26,237)	2,483
Cash at beginning of year	119,847	<u>117,364</u>
Cash at end of year	\$ <u>93,610</u>	119,847

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2004 and 2003

#### (1) Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The nature of business and a summary of the significant accounting policies of MV Securities Group, Inc. is set forth below:

- (a) MV Securities Group, Inc. (The Company) was incorporated in Texas on June 3, 1996, and is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.
- (b) The Company operates in conjunction with The Monroe Vos Consulting Group, Inc., an affiliated entity under common control. The Company receives brokerage commissions and other fees from transactions in certain investment accounts maintained by clients of The Monroe Vos Consulting Group, Inc., on a fully disclosed basis.
- (c) Securities transactions and all related revenue and expense are recorded in the accounts on a settlement date basis. Revenue and expenses related to securities transactions executed but not yet settled as of December 31 are not material to the Company's financial statements.
- (d) The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- (e) For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand, bank checking and money market accounts, and short-term debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less.
- (f) The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed Federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

#### Notes to Financial\_Statements, Continued

#### (1) Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

- (g) The Company, with the consent of its shareholders, has elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be an S corporation. In lieu of corporation income taxes, the shareholders of an S corporation are taxed on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal income taxes has been included in these financial statements.
- (h) The State of Texas franchise tax is the higher of a statutory tax rate of .25% of the Company's capital as of the end of its previous accounting period, or 4.5% of its taxable income for Texas franchise tax purposes for the previous period. The tax on the Company's earnings, in excess of the tax on capital, is accounted for as an expense during the period the earnings are recognized for financial statement purposes.

#### (2) Receivable from Clearing Organization

The Company has an agreement with a clearing organization whereby the organization performs clearing functions for all security transactions with customers and brokers and dealers.

#### (3) Related Party Transactions

The Monroe Vos Consulting Group, Inc., an affiliated company under common control, provides the Company management services, office facilities and pays various overhead expenses on behalf of MV Securities Group, Inc. The fees for management services are the amount equal to the actual out-of-pocket costs for such services, plus a margin of 20%. The fees for overhead expenses consist of such expenses incurred by The Monroe Vos Consulting Group, Inc. as determined by the Board of Directors of The Monroe Vos Consulting Group, Inc., plus a margin of 20%.

#### (4) <u>Minimum Capital Requirements</u>

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Retained earnings may be restricted as to payment of dividends if this ratio exceeds 10 to 1. At December 31, 2004, the Company had net capital of \$100,000 which exceeded its required net capital of \$5,000 by \$95,000. Withdrawals of equity capital are restricted from causing the Company's net capital to be less than \$6,000. Furthermore, the Company's agreement with its clearing broker requires net capital of not less than \$100,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .28 to 1. There were no liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors during 2004 or 2003.

#### Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

#### (5) Stockholders' Equity

- In January 2003, the Company amended its articles of incorporation to change the authorized shares the Company can issue to include 5,000 shares of Class B common stock with a par value of \$1 per share. The Class B stock has no voting rights and each share may be converted into one share of Class A common stock upon a vote in favor of such conversion by both two-thirds of the holders of Class A common stock and two-thirds of the holders of Class B common stock.
- On January 11, 2003, the Company sold 714 shares of Class B Common stock at \$19.89 per share. The proceeds were used for general corporate purposes.

CONKLIN HRUZEK & CO., P.C.

# Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

## Decemb<u>er 31</u>, 2004

Net capital: Total stockholders' equity	\$ <u>301,147</u>
Less nonallowable assets: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	188,158 _12,989
	<u>201,147</u>
Net capital	\$ <u>100,000</u>
Net capital requirement Net capital in excess of required amount Net capital	\$ 5,000 <u>95,000</u> \$ <u>100,000</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ <u>27,723</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.28 to 1</u>
Reconciliation with Company's computation   (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5   as of December 31, 2004,as amended):     Net capital, as reported in Company's         Part II (unaudited) FOCUS report     Audit adjustment for waiver of management         fee payable     Other	\$ 95,843 4,425 (268)
Net capital per above	\$ <u>100,000</u>

## Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2004

The Company is exempt from the reserve requirements and the related computations for the determination thereof under paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as the Company carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to customers and effectuates all financial transactions with customers through unaffiliated clearing organizations.

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, the Company has maintained its compliance with the conditions for exemption specified in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3.

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Board of Directors
MV Securities Group, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of MV Securities Group, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by MV Securities Group, Inc. including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matter involving the accounting system and its operation that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above. The condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of MV Securities Group, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2004, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 11, 2005.

The Company does not have segregation of duties in the accounting function. With your small number of employees, an ideal system of internal control may not be possible and/or practical because it is not possible to segregate duties as much as would be required to provide such an ideal system. In situations where an ideal system is not possible, constant surveillance and review by management is the principal means of offsetting the inherent weakness in internal control and of safeguarding the assets of the Company and its customers.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Conklin Gregek Sto. A.C.

Houston, Texas February 11, 2005